Space-based Astronomy and Space Weather

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**Institute of Cosmos Sciences** 

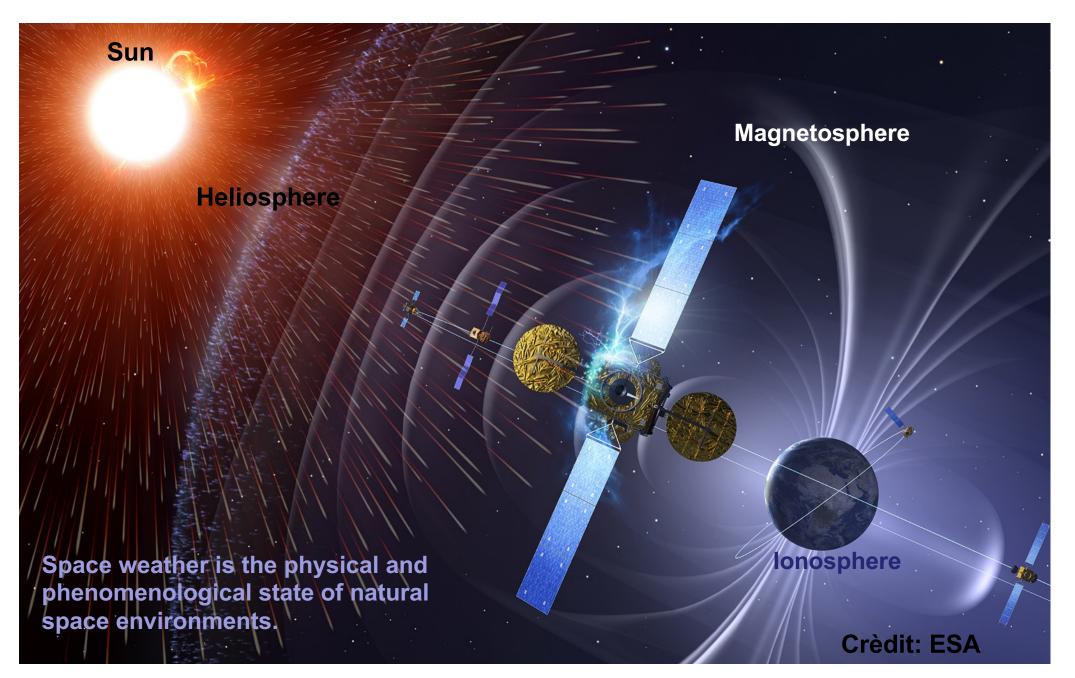
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# **Space-based Astronomy and Space Weather**

## **Objectives**:

- I. To acquire the basic concepts of scientific space missions.
  - Technological aspects, scientific drivers, management, requirements and limitations that play a role in the design of a scientific mission.
  - Astronomical observations: review of the results of various recent Missions of ESA and NASA, at different wavelengths (and of future missions scheduled).
- **II.** To understand what Space weather and heliophysics are.
  - Relevant solar and heliospheric physics phenomena.
  - Effects of solar storms in spacecraft and at Earth.
    Prediction and forecasting.
  - Review of the results of recent solar and heliospheric missions of ESA and NASA.

# **Space Weather**



#### Program. Part I

# **Space-based Astronomy**

## 1. Elements of a mission

Orbits. Launch windows. Payloads Subsystems. Launchers

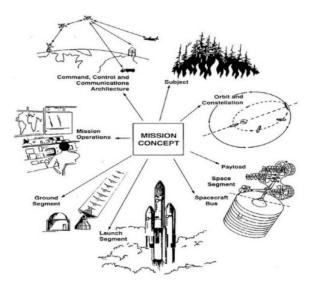
#### 2. Space mission analysis and design

Development phases Analysis.

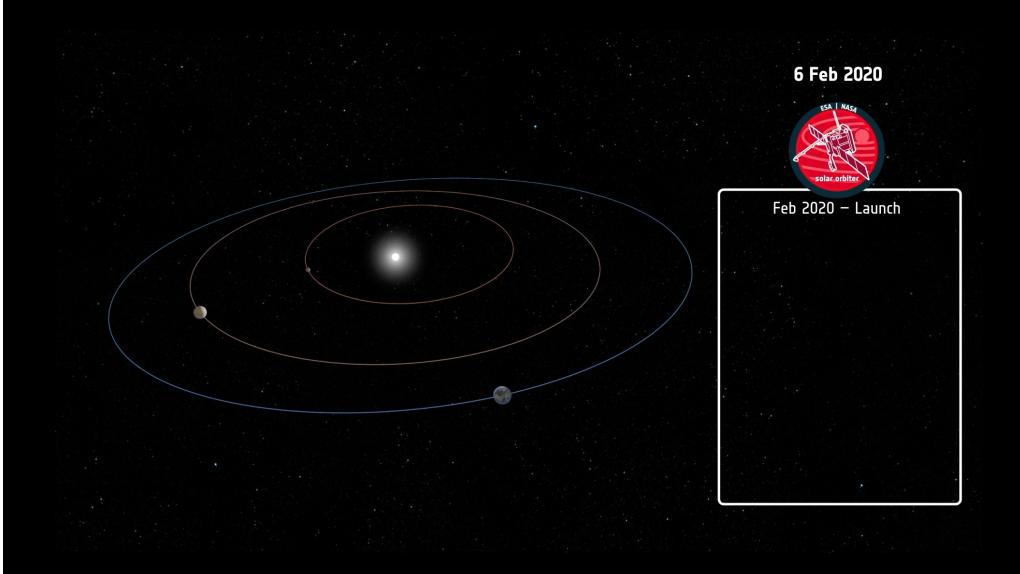
Selection and implementation The main agencies: ESA and NASA ESA's Cosmic Vision 2015–2025

# **3. Astronomy from the space**

Scientific goals. Missions: Types and Payloads Data bases and exploitation







#### Program. Part I

# **Space-based Astronomy**

## 1. Elements of a mission

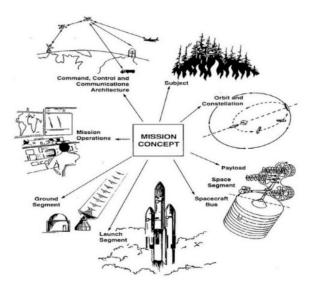
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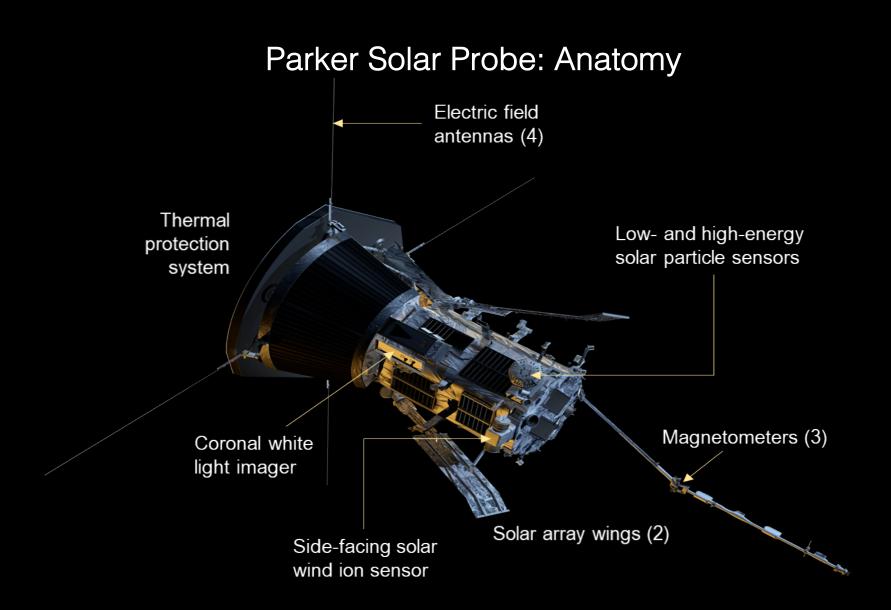
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## **3. Astronomy from the space**

Scientific goals. Missions: Types and Payloads Data bases and exploitation







Program. Part II

# **Space Weather**

## **1. Space Weather**

Effects of solar storms in spacecraft and at Earth. Extreme stormy events Prediction. Radiation risks ESA/EU and US programmes

# 2. Heliospheric physics

Solar wind plasma and interplanetary magnetic field. Earth magnetosphere Solar activity: Flares, Coronal mass ejections and CIRs. Solar activity cycle Solar energetic particles.

### 3. Heliophysics and space weather missions STEREO, ACE, SDO, PSP, SOHO and Solar Orbiter. Data bases and exploitation. In-situ instrumentation



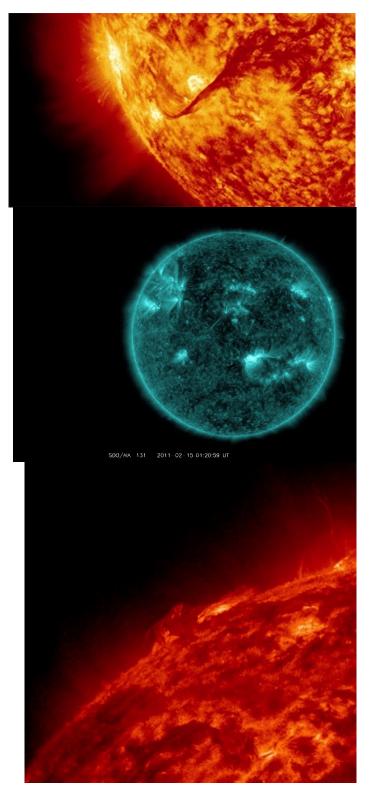
# **A typical Solar Storm**

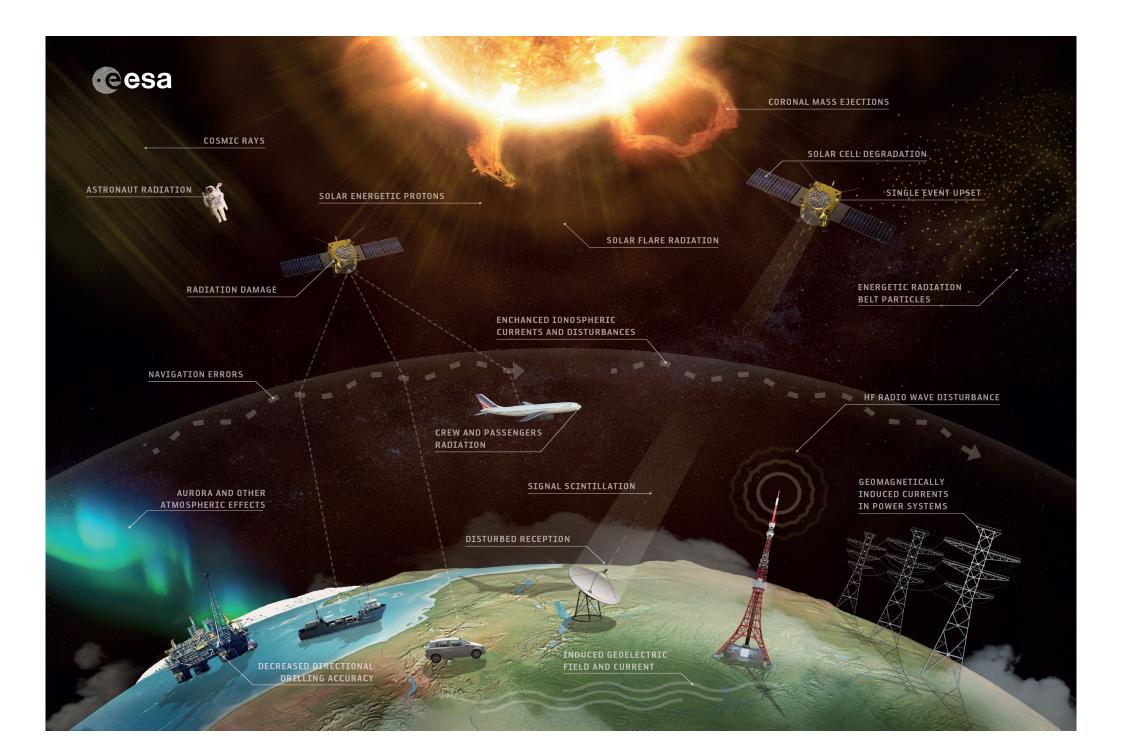
# Solar eruptive phenomena:

- Flares
- Coronal mass ejections (CMEs)

**Timeline to Earth:** 

- > 8 minutes: EUV, X-ray emission reach earth.
- > 20 min. 1 hour: solar energetic particle onset
- > 1- 4 days: CME arrives at earth and causes a geomagnetic storm





Program. Part II

# **Space Weather**

## **1. Space Weather**

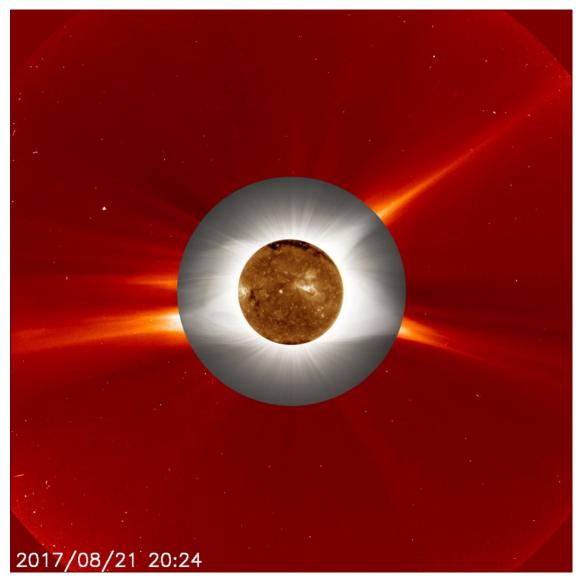
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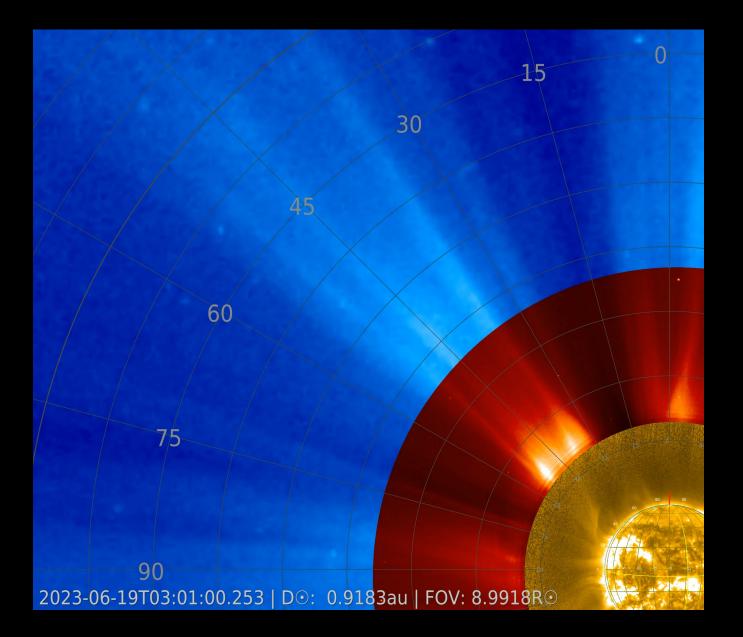
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NASA/ESA Solar and Heliospheric Observatory (SOHO). At center is an image of the sun's surface as seen by the Solar Dynamics Observatory in extreme UV light.



Solar Orbiter

Program. Part II

# **Space Weather**

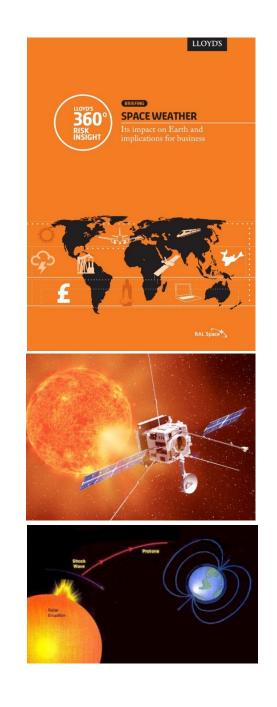
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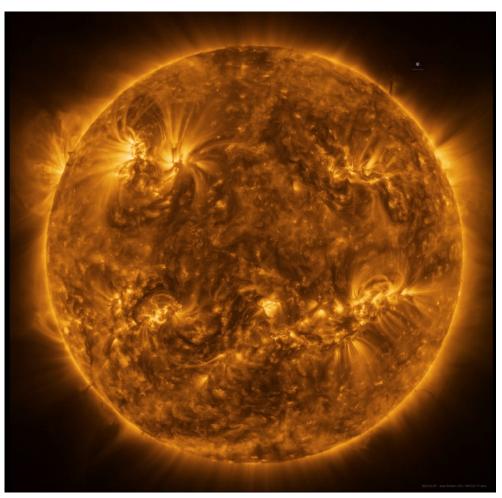
# The Sun in EUV – Solar Orbiter

Composition of 25 images taken on March 7, 2022 by EUI the Extreme Ultraviolet Imager of Solar Orbiter, at 75 million km (~0,5 au) from the Sun. Wavelength: 17,4 nm, which corresponds to emission lines of Fe IX and Fe X, in the region of the solar corona at ~1 mlilion K

This is the highest resolution image of the solar disc up to date (83 million pixels).

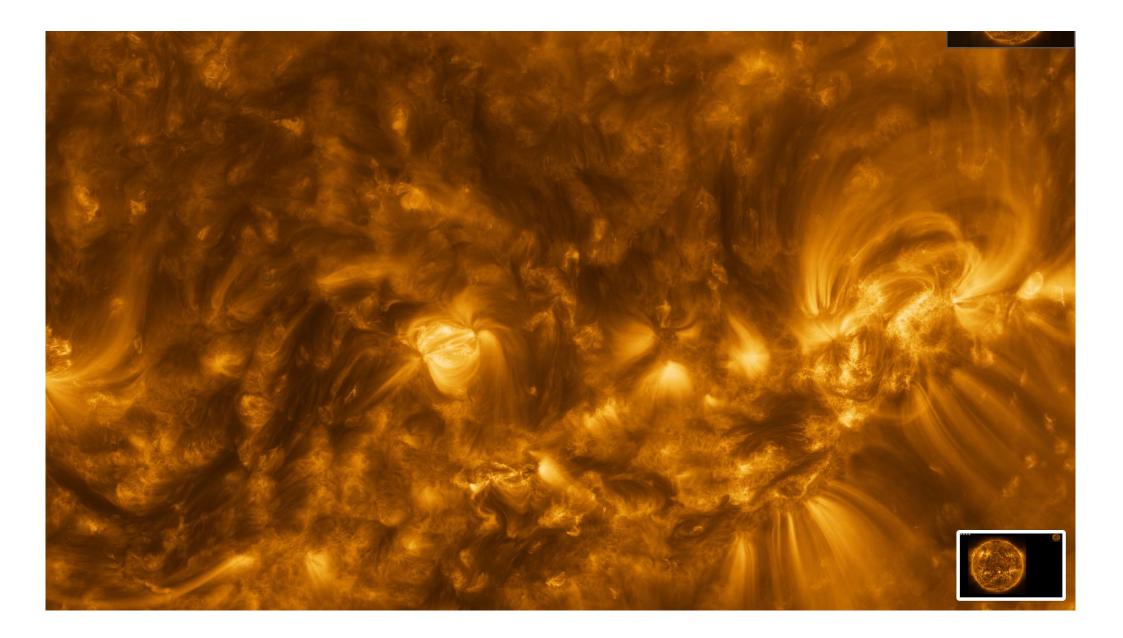
Each image: 10 minutes, total: 4 hours

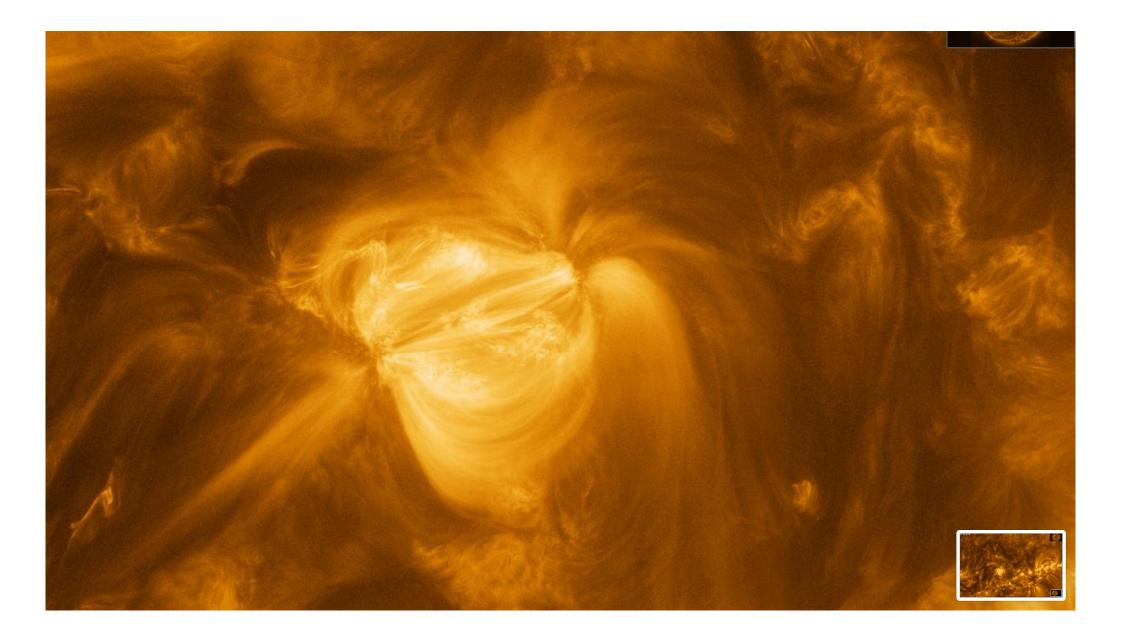
[ESA & NASA/Solar Orbiter/EUI team; Data processing: E. Kraaikamp, ROB]



https://www.esa.int/Science\_Exploration/Space\_Science/Solar\_Orbiter/Zooming\_into\_the\_Sun\_with\_Solar\_Orbiter

https://www.esa.int/Science Exploration/Space Science/Solar Orbiter/Giant solar eruption seen by Solar Orbiter https://www.esa.int/Science Exploration/Space Science/Solar Orbiter/The Sun as you ve never seen it before



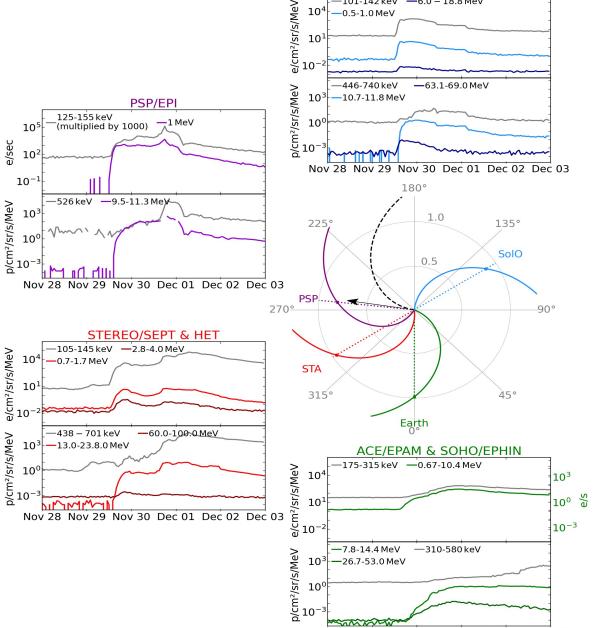


#### **Observation of a large SEP event event**

This one, on 29 November 2020, was the first large event detected both by Parker Solar Probe and Solar Orbiter.

SolO and PSP add as unique vantage points to observe large Solar Energetic Particle events.

Kollhoff + A&A (2021)



Nov 28 Nov 29 Nov 30 Dec 01 Dec 02 Dec 03

SolO/EPT & HET

-6.0 - 18.8 MeV

-101-142 keV

# **EVALUATION**



3 ECTS From 31st October to 21st December Compulsory attendance

# 1st Part:

Design an astronomical satellite, simulate a cubesat proposal for a Space Agency

- Oral presentation

# 2nd Part:

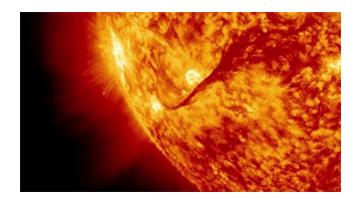
a) Oral Presentation on a selected topic

b) Daily questions

c) Hands-on study on a real Solar

**Energetic Particle event** 

-Paper Presentation (< 8 pages)



# BIBLIOGRAPHY

# 1st Part:

- "Space mission analysis and design", Wiley J. Larson & James R. Wertz, Ed. Kluwer, 1992
- "Spacecraft systems engineering", Peter Fortescue & John Stark, Ed. Wiley, 1991
- "Orbital motion", A.E. Roy, Ed. Hilger, 1978

# 2nd Part:

- Introduction to Space Physics. M.G. Kivelson and C.T. Russell (Cambridge University Press, 1995)
- Solar Particle Radiation Storms Forecasting and Analysis, Eds. Malandraki, O.E. & Crosby, N.B., Astrophysics and Space Science Library, 444, Springer, 2018, ISBN 978-3-319-60051-2 (eBook)
- Heliophysics. Space Storms and radiation: causes and Effects. C.J Schrijver and G.L. Siscoe (Cambridge University Press 2010)
- Kallenrode, May-Britt. Space physics : an introduction to plasmas and particles in the heliosphere and magnetospheres. 3rd ed. Berlin : Springer, 2004
- Physics of Space Storms. From the Solar Surface to the Earth. H. E. J. Koskinen (Springer Praxis, 2011). ISBN 978-3-6-00310-3