

Galactic Astronomy

2022-2023



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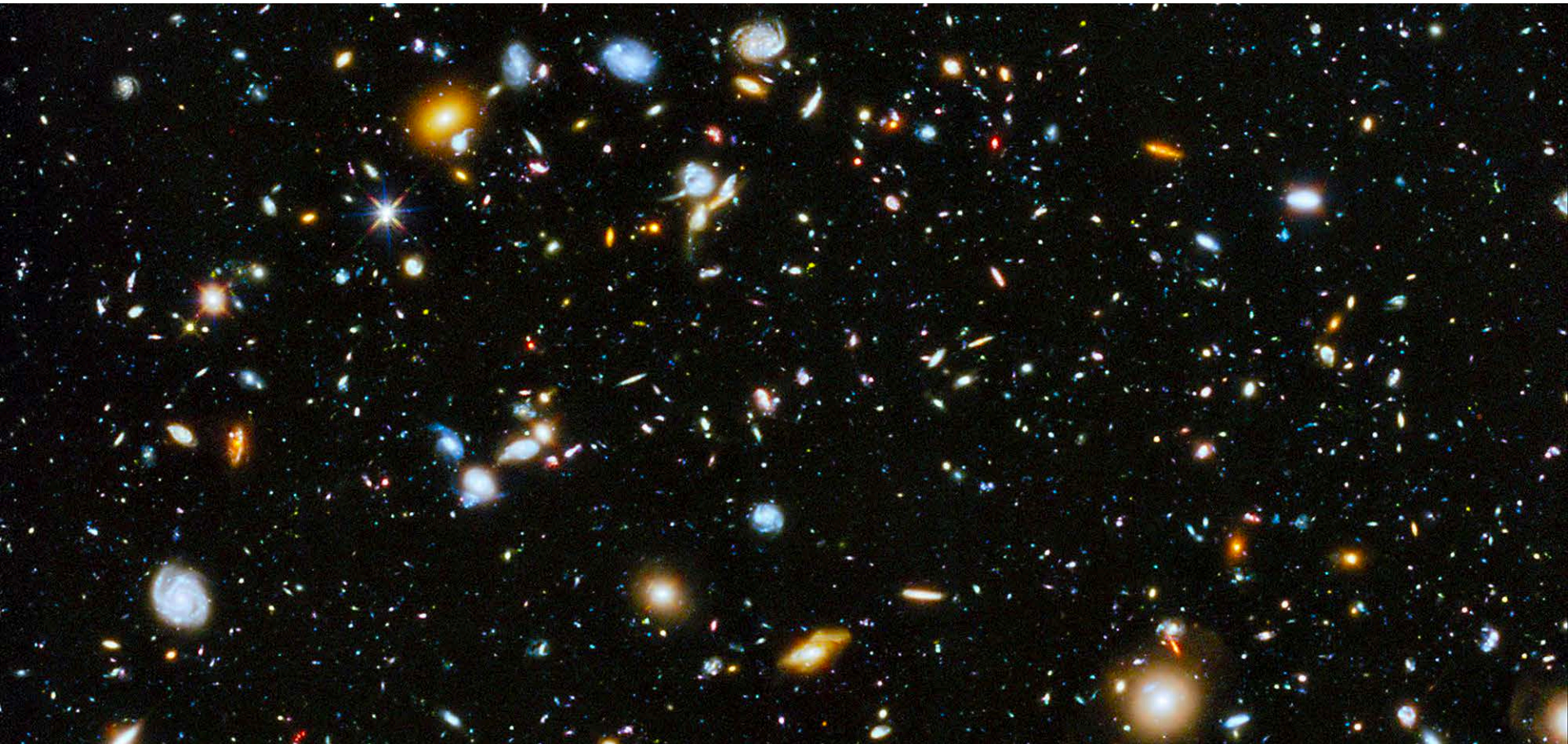


How do galaxies form and evolve?

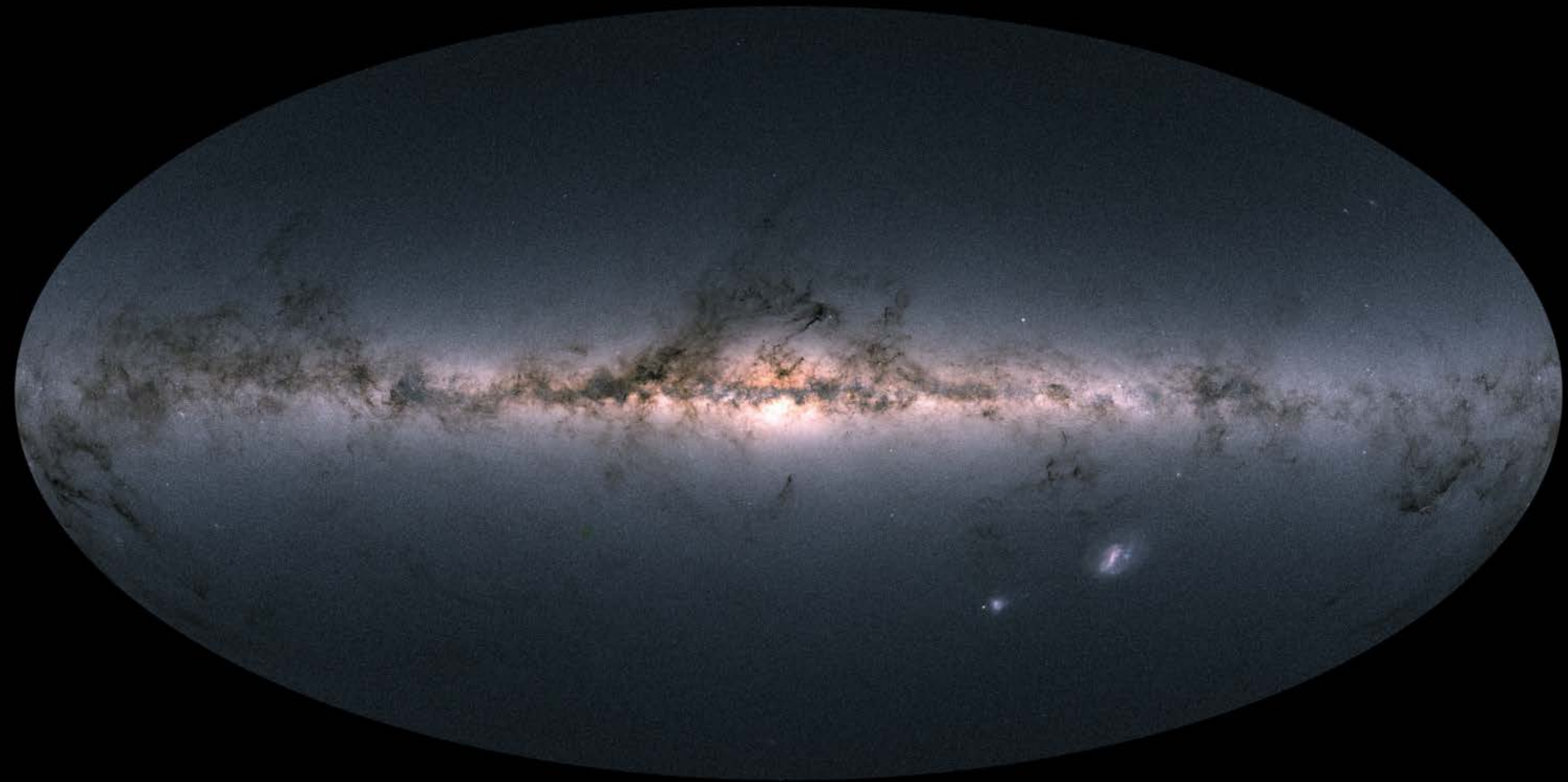
One of the key questions in modern astrophysics:

- A Science Vision for European Astronomy, ASTRONET, 2007
- Science Vision and Infrastructure Roadmap, ASTRONET, 2022 (*DRAFT*)

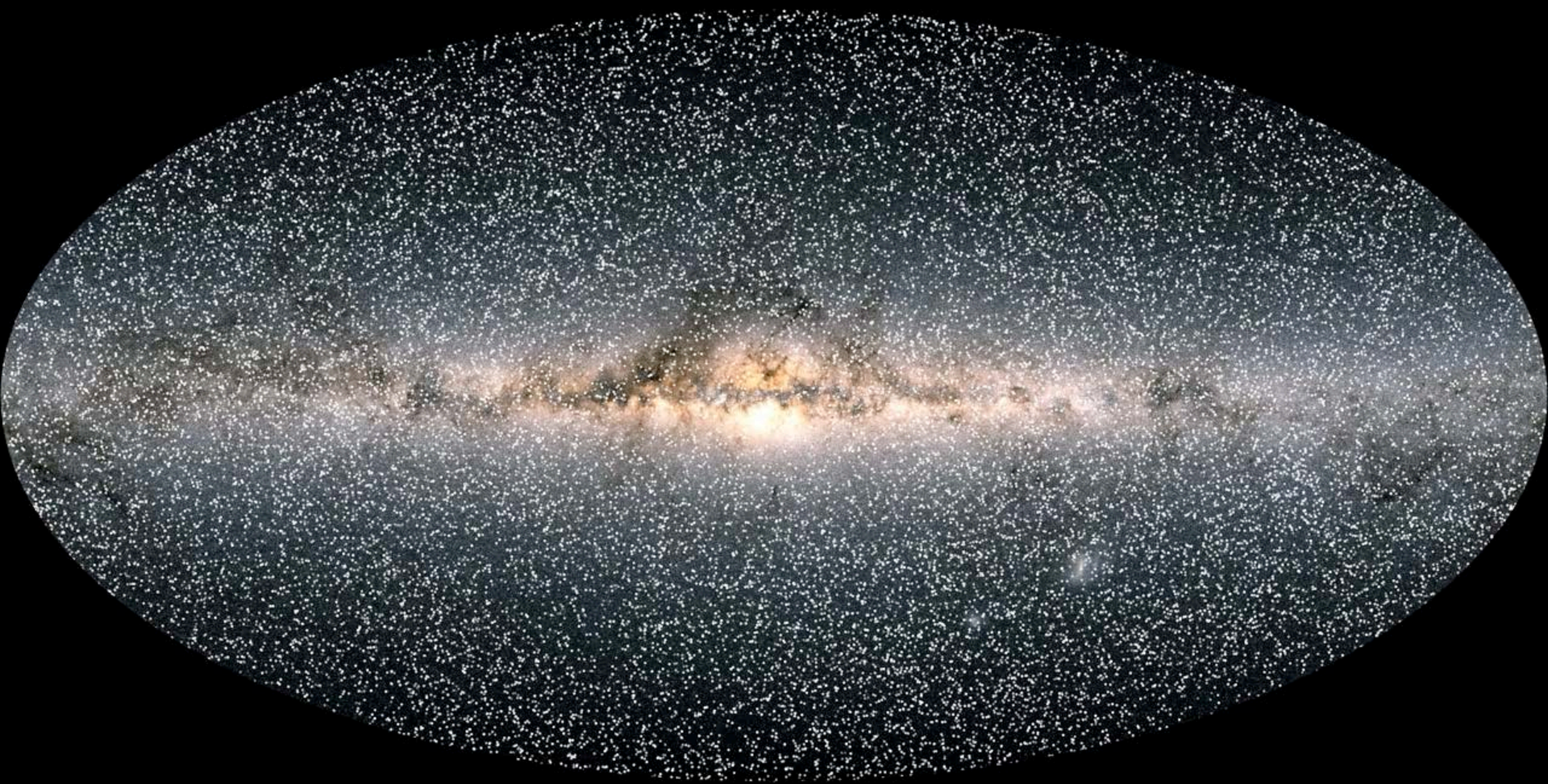
Hubble Ultra Deep Field



Gaia DR2

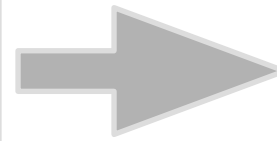
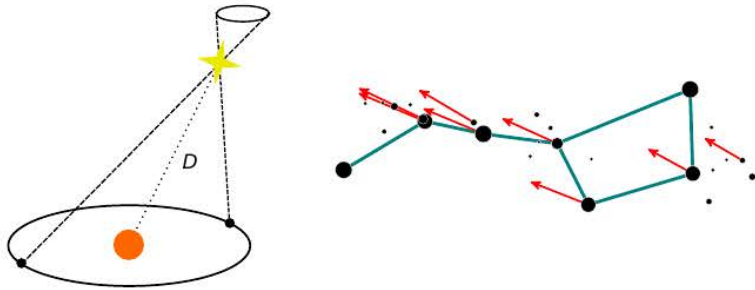


Gaia EDR3

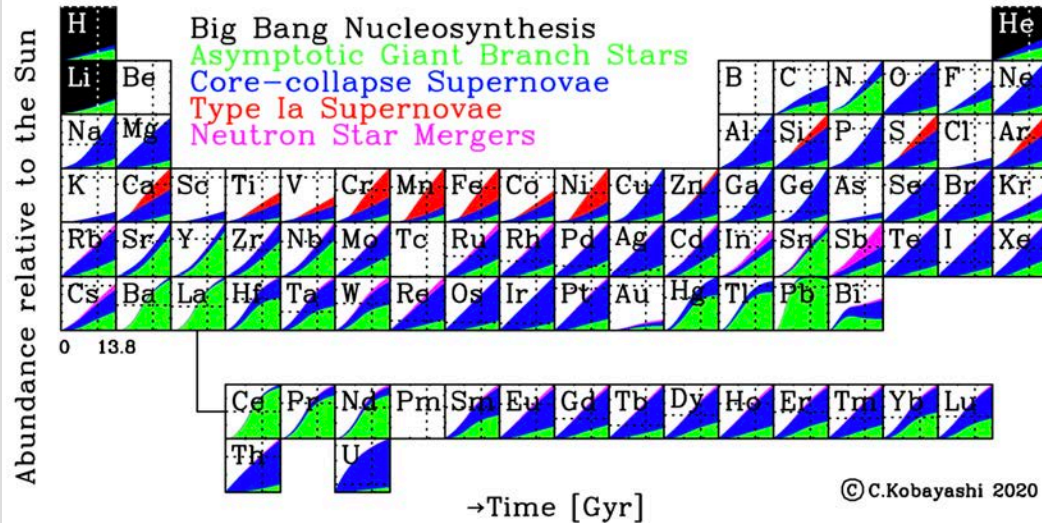


How did our galaxy and its components form?

Astronomical measurements in Galactic Astronomy



- Galaxy gravitational potential (mass distribution)
- History and evolution



GALACTIC ASTRONOMY

1. Introduction **CESCA**, *13 set*
 - 1.1. Galaxies and their role in the Universe
 - 1.2. Galactic astronomy history
 - 1.3. Global description of the Milky Way: our present knowledge
2. Astronomical measurements **CARME** *14,15,19 set*
 - 2.1. Astrometry
 - 2.2. Photometry
 - 2.3. Spectroscopy
3. Statistical astronomy **CESCA** *20, 21, 22, 27 set*
 - 3.1. Apparent distribution of stars
 - 3.2. Stellar statistics fundamental equation
 - 3.3. Stellar luminosity function
 - 3.4. Initial Mass Function and Star formation History
 - 3.5. Galactic models for star count predictions
4. Galactic kinematics **TERESA** *28,29 set, 3, 4 oct*
 - 4.1. Galactocentric reference systems
 - 4.2. Kinematics of solar neighbourhood stars
 - 4.3. Large scale kinematics
 - 4.4. Rotation curve and Oort constants

+2h *Exercises measurements CARME* *5,6 oct*
5. Galactic Dynamics I: basic concepts
 - 5.1. Gravitational potentials & Poisson equation **TERESA** *10, 11, 13 17 oct*
 - 5.2. Orbits **TERESA** *18,19,20,24 oct*
 - 5.3. Collisionless dynamics **MERCE** *25, 26, 27 oct 2, 3 nov*
 - 5.4. Collisions and encounters of stellar systems **MARK** *7, 8, 9 nov*
6. Galactic dynamics II: advanced
 - 6.1. Dynamics of spiral structure and bars **MERCE** *10, 14, 15, 16, 17 nov*
 - 6.2. Galaxy interactions, non-axisymmetry, Gaia **TERESA** *21, 22 nov*

+ 2h *hands-on kinematics TERESA* *23, 24 nov*
7. Chemical evolution of the Milky Way **FEDE** *28, 29, 30 nov, 1, 12, 13, 14, 15 dec*
 - 7.1. Observational evidence
 - 7.2. Surface gas density, supernova explosion rate and metal enrichment
 - 7.3. Basic elements of a model of chemical evolution
 - 7.4. Some simple models

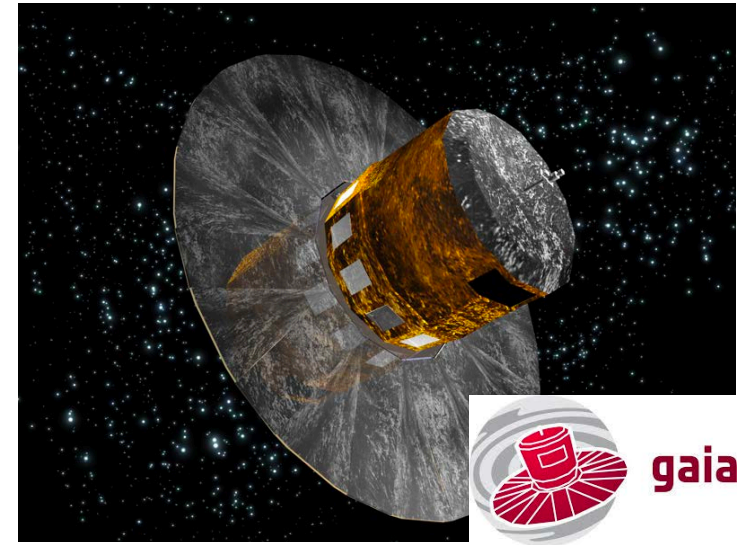
+2h *hands-on orbits MERCE* *19, 20 dec*

+1h *Journal Club TERESA* *21 dec*

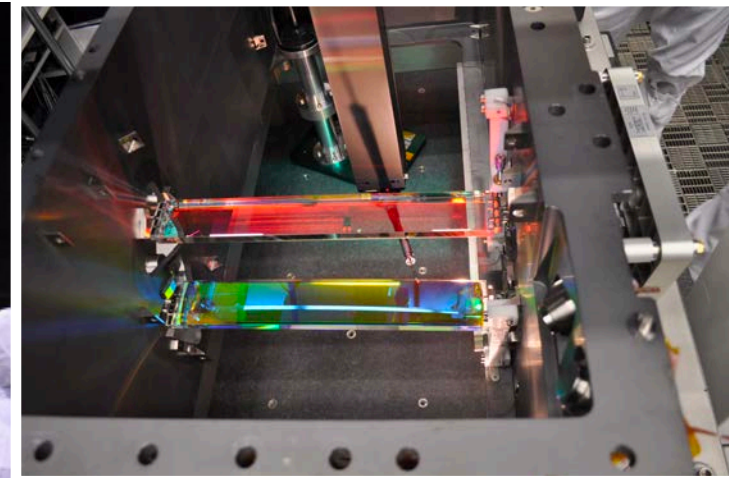
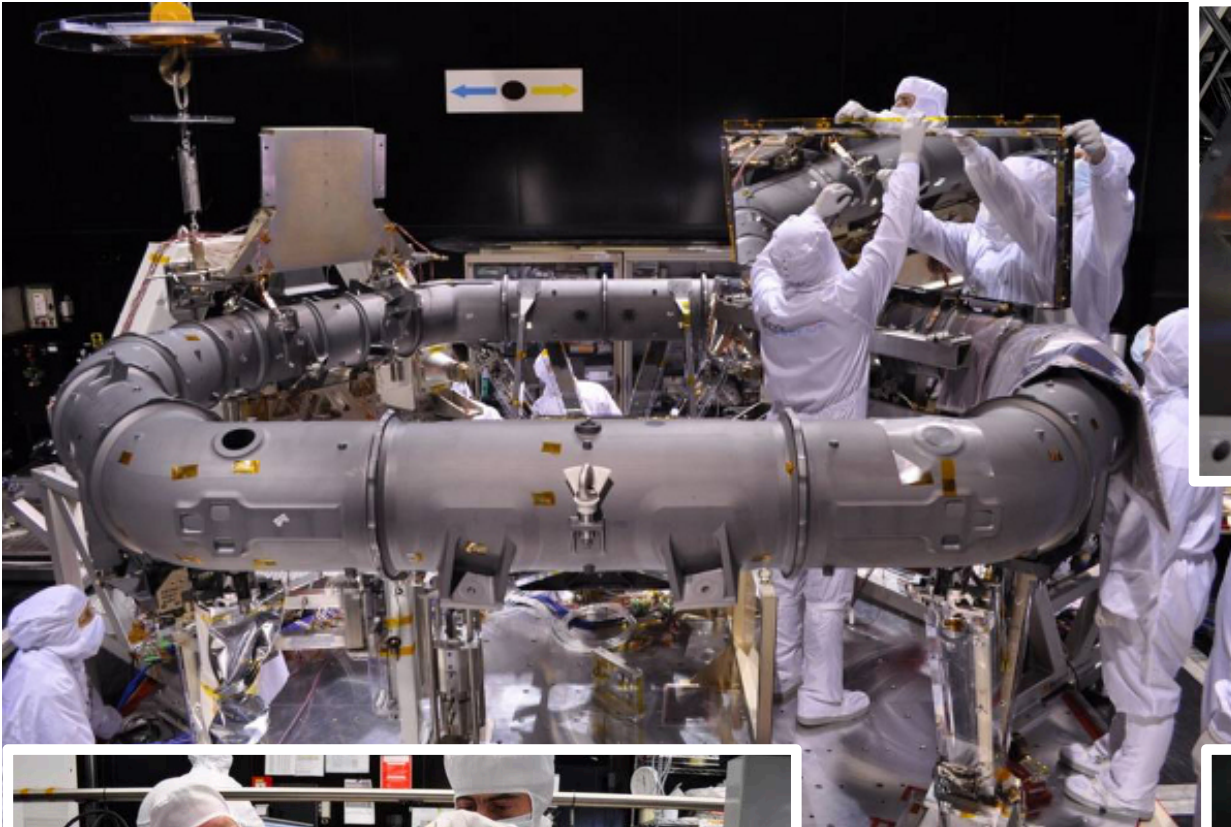
Measurements: Gaia mission



December 19th, 2013
10:12 CET



Measurements

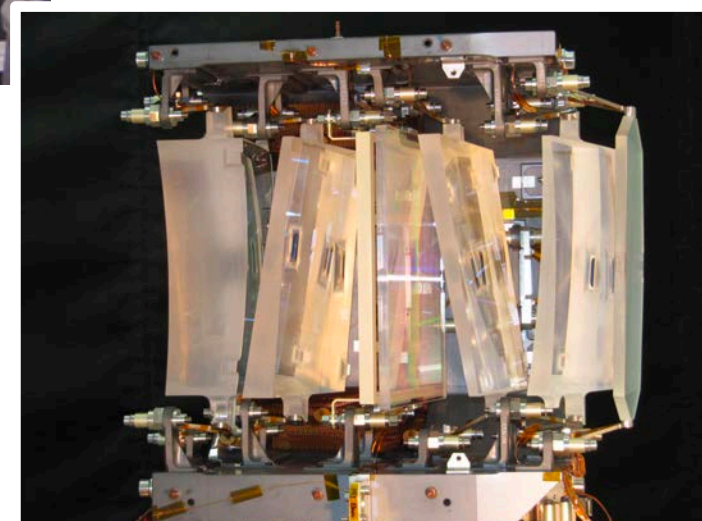


Photometers

Spectrograph



- CCDs
detectors
- astrometric
 - photometric
 - spectroscopic

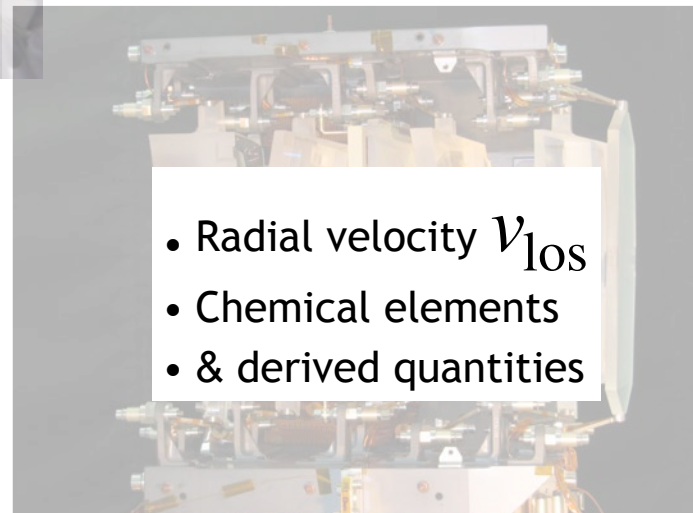


Instruments



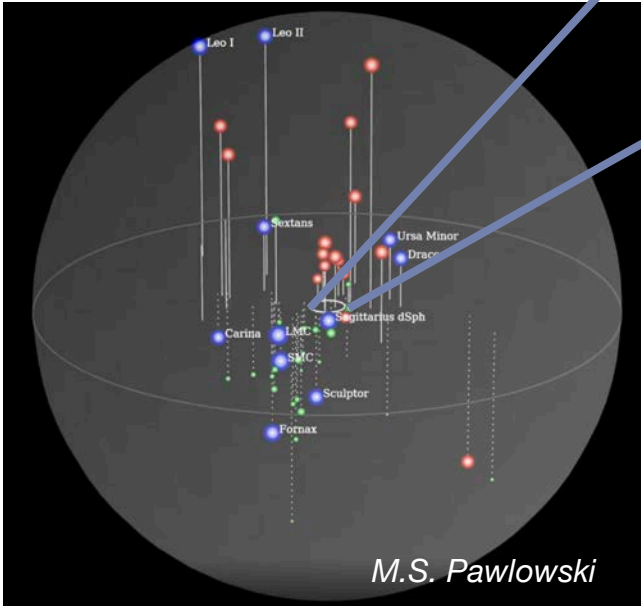
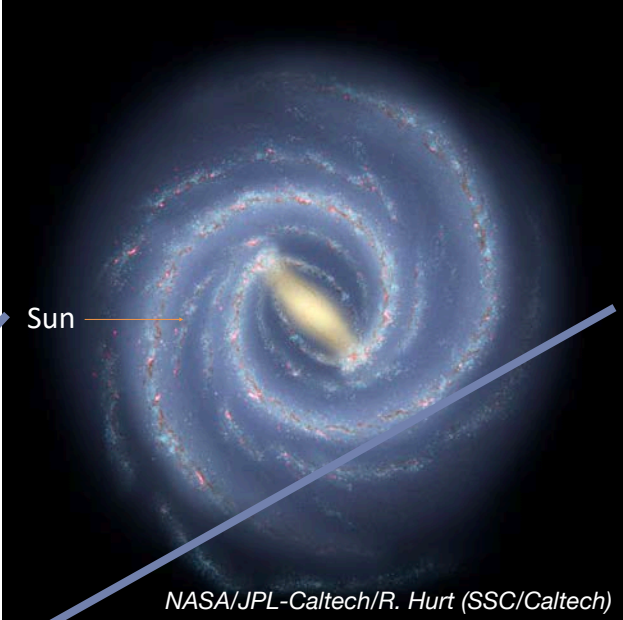
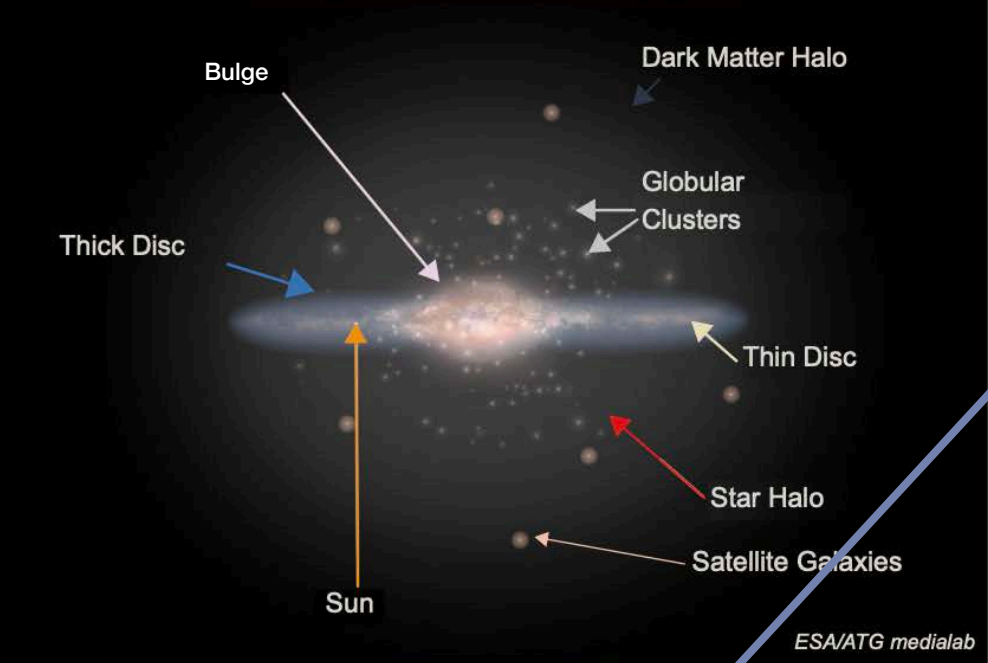
- Blue band magnitude G_{BP}
- Red band magnitude G_{RP}
- derived quantities

- Positions on the sky
 - α δ
- distance
 - parallax ϖ
- transverse velocities
 - Proper motions μ_{α}^* μ_{δ}
- Magnitude G

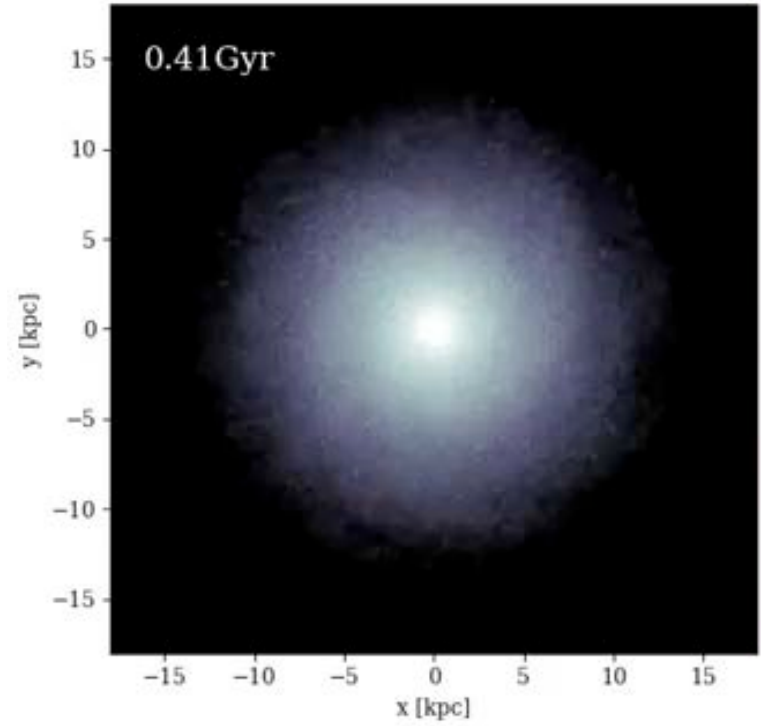
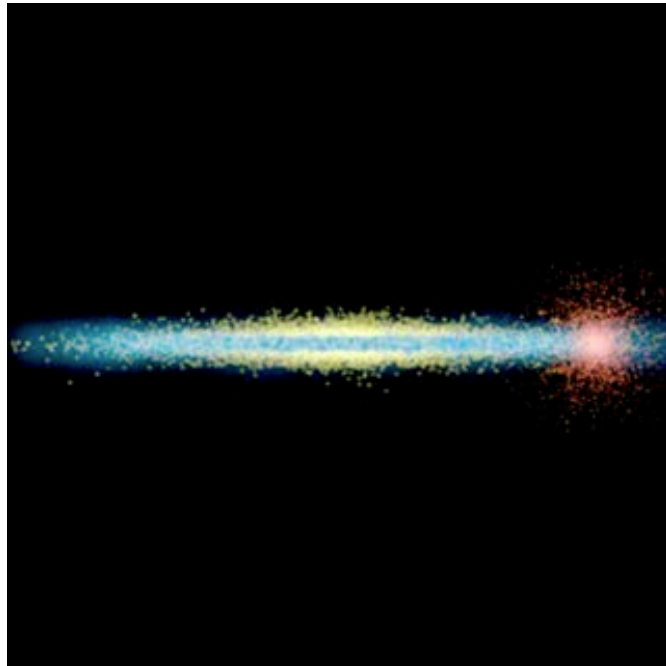
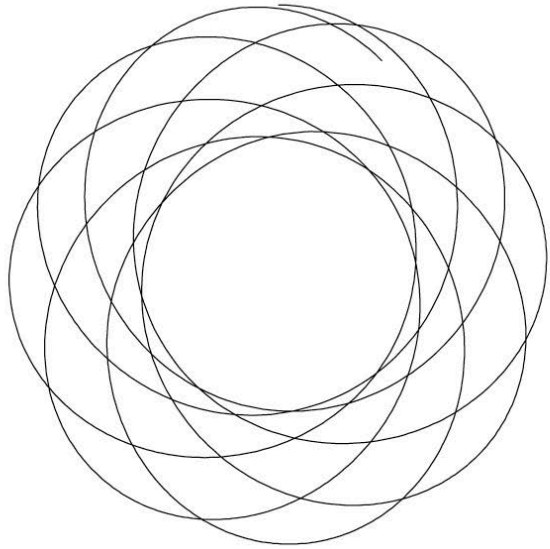


- Radial velocity V_{10s}
- Chemical elements
- & derived quantities

What we think the MW looks like



Dynamics: Orbits & Milky Way potential

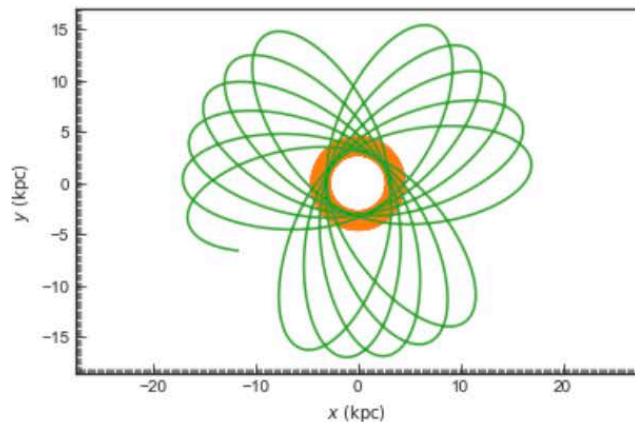


• Hand-on exercises

- Analysis of *Gaia* data
- Orbits in Galactic potentials

In [25]:

```
1 omw1.plot(d1='x',d2='y')
2 omw2.plot(d1='x',d2='y',overplot=True)
3 omw3.plot(d1='x',d2='y',overplot=True)
4
5 plt.axis('equal')
6 plt.show()
```



• Paper reading and discussion (journal club)

• Short tasks

1. Gaia Archive & Gaia measurements

The screenshot shows the Gaia Archive search interface. At the top, there is a dark red header with the text "gaia archive" in white. Below the header is a navigation bar with links for HOME, SEARCH, STATISTICS, VISUALIZATION, HELP, and DOCUMENTATION. Underneath the navigation bar are three buttons: Simple Form, ADQL Form, and Query Results. The main search area has two tabs: Position and File. The Position tab is active, showing a search form with the following elements: a radio button for Name (selected) and Equatorial; a "Target in" section with radio buttons for Circle (selected) and Box; a "Name" input field followed by a dropdown menu for "for Simbad"; a "Radius" input field with the value "5" and a dropdown menu for "arc min"; a "Search in:" section with radio buttons for Gaia Source (selected) and Tycho-Gaia Astrometric Solution (TGAS); a dropdown menu for "public.gaia_source"; a "Max. number of results:" dropdown menu set to "500"; and three buttons: "Reset Form", "Show Query", and "Submit Query".

**HTTP://
ARCHIVES.ESA
C.ESA.INT/
GAIA/**

2. Statistical astronomy, Besançon model

- Lectures from invited professors

Dr. Mark Gieles
(ICCUB-ICREA)



47 Tucanae with ESO/VISTA telescope

Collisional dynamics

- Basic concepts for collisional systems: relaxation, core collapse, etc
- Dynamics of Globular Clusters

Nov 2022

Evaluation

Short tasks + presentations

Hands-on work

Participation

40%

Exam

5/10 required

Exam date: TBD with students

60%

Master's thesis

- Open clusters
- Galactic Disk dynamics
- Satellite galaxies
- Stellar evolution
- Population synthesis
- White dwarfs
- Big Data and Machine learning
- Galaxy formation and cosmology
- Spectroscopic stellar surveys
- Globular clusters
- Light pollution
- etc

F. Anders, T. Antoja, L. Balaguer, J. M. Carrasco, F. Figueras, M. Gieles, C. Jordi, X. Luri, E. Masana, J. Miralda, M. Romero-Gomez

